NEGRO DEMANDS.

THE "AFRO-AMERICAN" PRESS ASSO-CIATION TO THE PRESIDENT.

Hand in the World's-Fair Managemen and a Federal Judgeship Wanted for Sambo.

Wasmangton, March 23.-The National Committee of the Afro-American Press Association (P. H. Murray, chairman, and H. Price Williams, secretary) called upon the President to-day and presented the following address: To the President:

The Afro-American Press Association of the United States at its recent annual session, held at Cincinnati, Ohio, selected the undersigned committee to present to your Excellency, Hon. Benjamin Harri-son, President of the United States, the general claims and individual merits of a large class of American citizens for reprentative and prominent positions in the dumbian World's-Fair Commission and to to suggest the propriety and wisdom selecting a capable negro jurist to fill a accupen the bench of the Federal Judi-

ciary.

The body we represent are the young, progressive, and brilliant men of their race. They have been effective in moulding thought, elevating the masses, and giving impetus to every onward movement that helps to make the progress of a recently-enslaved people the marvel of erican civilization.

"TAFFY.

"TAFFY."

We desire to say on their behalf that your broad and statesmanlike policy, official utterances, and sincere and persistent action in favor of impartially protecting all classes and extending to all alike the opportunities of enjoying the benefits as well as bearing the burdens of our great government assures that any claim which we may present, founded upon justice and properity, will meet with the earnest consideration and hearty approval of the Chief Executive officer of the nation.

Our national progress has been rapid in all directions—agriculture, manufacture, and legislation—urt, science, literature, and legislation—urt, seience, literature, and legislation—action is common to all Christendom except the rise of a hitherto enslaved people of freedom and civilization under the induce of the benign policy inaugurated by Abraham Lincoln and fostered and persecutated by the wise methods of the administration over which you preside.

PECDUCTS OF NEORO LABOR.

PRODUCTS OF NEGRO LABOR.

Many millions of money are the value of the products of negro labor; the wealth of many great States has been created by his toil, and the staples of a vast region of the republic which load our commerce, bless our tables, and furnish material for the factories to work are the result of the pa-tience and industry of the class in whose behalf we sneak.

mpartial freatment to all classes, we re-pectfully invite your Excellency to con-ider the propriety of placing some one of his class, so peculiarly illustrative of the n's progress, in a representative and ent position in connection with the Fair to be held in Chicago, Ill, 1893, ne whose affinity and sympathy will the co-operation of the colored peo-

In many States of the Union, as well as a nour national Congress, the legal status of the American negro and his relative rivileges and rights in public and evil flairs is still a matter of serious discussion and legislation. That he may be lothed with power to speak for himself with authority, that the old-time idea of air-play may prevail, which grants to the eers of the accused the right to a voice in of the accused the right to a voice in udgment, we beseech that you will der the merits of a number of able ju-who belong to the people we represent a judicial appointments which we un-and will be made in the near future. thers may not claim. There is better herit nor demerit in race or complexion, ut in ability, labor, patriotism, and long ad loyal service to the public good, which ualities we believe we possess, there is hat for which we desire recognition in the istances already suggested. ONLY A PATRIOTIC AMBITION.

not our purpose to embarrass your istration by any untoward or im-action, for it is an honorable and ic ambition which impels us to ask have proper representation in an

very important body of American citi-ens may meet your favorable consideraion, we ever pray and remain, respectfully yours, P., H. Murray, St. Louis Adeance; H. Price Williams, Washington Pilot; Robert Pelham, Detroit Piain-Dealer; J. Gordon Street, Boston Courant; John C. Dancy, Sar of Zion (N. C.), committee. BENJY'S SHREWD RESPONSE.

The President in response said in substance that so far as a position on the World's Fair Commission was concerned there were no vacancies, and if one were to occur the alternate would fill the place. If it became possible, however, to do anything and the proper man was presented he would make the appointment. Speaking with reference to the request that a colored man be appointed to the lench the President asked it the delegation had a man who was thoroughly versed

bench the President asked if the delega-tion had a man who was thoroughly versed in the law and had arrived at that emi-nence in practice which would entitle him to an appointment as a circuit judge. "Present the name of a good man," said the President, "and I will give it that con-sideration which its importance demands." FLENTY OF NEGROES FIT FOR THE BENCH.

when the committee assured the Presi-ent that there were a number of that ass of men among the race, whose names ould be presented to him with the en-mement of the Bar of the State at which ey practiced, he advised that their ames be sent in and promised to consider em impartially. em impartially. The interview was very cordial and

pleasant, the President inviting the com-mittee to call again and thanking the ne-gro Press Association for its kindly remem-brances of his endeavors to act fairly by THE ASSASSING STILL AT LARGE.

The Postmastor for Lynchburg May Be

Appointed To-Morrow. Special telegraph to the Dispatch.]

(Special telegraph to the Dispatch.)
Washington, March 23.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue said to-day that he had received no further information in regard to the killing in North Carolina of R. J. Barnwell by Moonshiners near Mt. Airy and the wounding of Deputy-Marshal Brim. The Commissioner has given instructions that no effort or expense shall be spared to bring the guilty parties to justice, but he is doubtful if the right men can be apprehended, for the reason that the firing was done from the brush and a description of the assassins is hard to obtain.

THE LYNCHBURG POST-OFFICE.

THE LYNCHBURG POST-OFFICE. THE LYNCHIUGE POST-OFFICE.

The President will probably appoint a number of postmasters to-morrow or the next day. The Lynchburg case is being considered, and he is being urged by McLaughlin's friends to stand by him in spite of the protests made against him. The chances are that he will appoint McLaughlin, though some of his opponents seem to think a new man will be taken up.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Blair Accepts the Chinese Mission-Martiu's Escapade-Purchases of Silver. (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Washinsorox, March 23.— Ex-Senator fillar has accepted the Chinese mission, and has arranged to sail from San Francisco for the Flowery Kingdom on the 1st of May. He has already received his instructions from the Secretary of State.

The case of Harry Martin, the young man arrested Saturday night for breaking into the White House, went over in the Police Court to-day on account of the sickness of the defendant.

The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury Department to-day was 1,204.000 ounces, and the amount purchased \$25,000 ounces at \$8,94290.

The purchases of silver at local mints during the current month, up to the close of business last Saturday, amount to 180,659 ounces.

THE WORLD'S FAIR COMMISSION.

That Much-Discussed April Meeting Found to Be Feasible.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Washington, March 23.—The question was recently presented to the Treasury Department whether, in view of the limited amount remaining of the appropriation for the use of the World's Columbian Commission prior to July 1st next, the commission would be warranted in incurring the expense of a meeting in April next, as provided in the by-laws. A revision of estimates at the Treasury Department leads to the conclusion that the meeting need not be omitted for pecunary reasons. Secretary Foster to-day telegraphed the Secretary of the World's Columbian Commission as follows:

"The commission adjourned November 26, 1830, to meet the first Wodnesday in

April. It is believed no obstacle exists to prevent such meeting, especially in view of the fact that the commission may so legislate as to make it possible to pay all necessary expenses out of the sum apportioned to the commission. This office will do all that is possible to aid in preventing a deficiency in funds available for the use of the commission for the current fiscal year."

International Monetary Commission.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Washinoron, March 23.—The International American Monetary Commission resumed its sessions to-day. The rules for the government of the commission in its proceedings and other preliminary work having been completed at its former sittings, the commission proceeded to a discussion of its prospective work. A number of propositions that were submitted by the different delegates were referred to appropriate committees, after which the commission adjourned until next Monday to allow the committee time for consideration. The meetings of the commission are secret.

Washington, March 23 .- Fourth-class postmasters were to-day appointed as follows for Virginia; R. S. Arrington, Bellfair Mills; W. G. Crenshaw, Grassland; G. W. Havener, Hightown; T. Turner, Sebrell.

Yesterday's Racing at Gloucester and

Elsewhere-Entries for To-Day. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] GLOUCESTER, N. J., March 23.—To-day's events resulted as follows: First race—seven furlongs—Mulligan won; Ida Girl second, Vevay third. Time,

Second race—four and one half fur-longs—Bonnie Lass won; Nonage (filly) second, Costa Rica third. Time, 1:03%. Third race—seven furlongs—Tenafly won; Repudiator second, Hemel third. Time, 1:41%. Fourth race—six and one half furlongs-

Fourth race—six and one haif furlongs—White Nose won: Ascot second, Romp third. Time, 1:29%.

Pifth race—six and one half furlongs—India Rubber won: Appomattox second, Bargain third. Time, 1:31%.

Sixth race—seven furlongs—Philander won: Refund second, Panama third.

Won; Refus Time, 1:43%. RESULTS AT GUTTENBURG

First race—three quarters of a mile—Young Duke won: Amos second, Hilda third. Time, 1:23½.

Second race—five and a half furlongs—Simple Gold won: Fabian second, Patti third. Time, 1:13½.

Third race—one and one sixteenth miles—Joe Courtney won: Clamor second, William Daly, Jr., third. Time, 1:57½.

Fourth race—five eighths of a mile—Civil Service won: Anomaly second, Vengeur third. Time, 1:05.

Civil Service won; Anomaly second, Vengeur third. Time, 1:05.

Fifth race—six and a half furlongs, selling—Glitter II. won; Humdrum second, Shotover third. Time, 1:28.

Sixth race—seven eighths of a mile, selling—Harry Kuhl won; New Castle second, Silent third. Time, 1:27%.

GUTTENBURG ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY GUTTENBURG ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

First race—seven eighths of a mile, beaten horses—Fabian, 112; Ned, 112; Zed, 109; Rushlight, 105; Mary Conroy, 98; Roseville, 96; Extra, 80.

Second race—three quarters of a mile, maidens, selling—Wyndham, 114; Temptation, 105; Royalist, 103; Cliffwood, 102; Richgale Bedotte (filly), 103; Mexico, 98; Little Bess, 91; Pokins, 91. Maid of Thrift, 91; Adolph II., 88; Clara Porter, 88; Calderwood, 85; Callron, 85.

Third race—five eights of a mile, selling—Quibbler, 111; Milierton, 119; Pat Daly, 107; Lexington, 107; Bootjack, 105; Marty B., 105; Squander, 105; May D., 104; Lamar, 101; Driego, 98; Porolney, 95; Discount, 86.

Fourth race—one and one sixteenth mile, handicap—Rancoccs, 116: Prince Fortunatis, 114: Joe Courtney, 108: Salvini, 107: Longevity, 102: Count Luna, 29.

Fifth race—five eighths of a mile, sell-ing—Harrisburg, 120: Chapman, 114: Buckstone, 114: B. J. H., 108: Duke John, 107: Mattie Loram, 105: Guildurg, 104: Marie Lovell, 104: Marsh Readon, 102: Tom Hayes, 98: Lognippe, 98: Craft, 92.

Sixth race—sixth and one half miles, selling—Glitter II., 114: Chieftaia, 112: Fitzrov, 109: Ruth, 104: Gloster, 104: Speculation, 103: Latina, 102: Oarsman 97: John Jay S., 97. AT NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., March 23.—The races here to-day resulted as follows:
First race—three eighths of a mile—Koran won; Jenkins second, Wild Flower third, Time, 38.
Second race—five eighths of a mile—Jay Jay Cee won; Rita second, Gwendoline third, Time, 1:17.
Third race—five furlongs—Miss Lou won; Harambourne second, Henry Brown third, Time, 1:03%.

race-eleven-sixteenths

Fourth race—eleven-sixteentus of a mile—Barnet and King Richard dead heat:
Jessie McFarland third. Time, 1:08/4. In the run-off Barnet won. Time, 1:13/4.

A BOMB-SHELL AMONG SALOONISTS. Philadelphia's License-Court Renders a Decision That Is Startling. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

granted numbered 1,173. This year there are 3,358 applicants.

When the court convened to-day to consider the applications for the year beginning June 1st the presiding judge read an opinion in which it was announced in substance that those to whom licenses were granted last year and against whom no remonstrance is filed or objection made will be granted new licenses, and that the time of the Court would not be taken up in the hearing of applications for new saloons. The Court added that it was of opinion that there was a sufficient number of saloons at present. No intimation was made as to what action would be taken regarding wholesalo applicants, of whom there are 1,613.

During the last few years the Court has occupied six to eight weeks each year in examining applicants for saloon licenses. The entire question will now in all probability be disposed of in a few days, as the Court will listen to testimony only in cases of present saloon-keepers against whom remonstrances have been filed.

of present saloon-keepers against whom remonstrances have been filed.

CLEVELAND ON TARIFF REFORM.

Leave in the People's Hands the Mone Needlessly Taken in Taxation."

Indiana Tariff Reform League declining to be present at the letter is not given for publication, but the closing paragraphs are made public. They are as follows:

"You will not, I hope, think it amiss if I suggest the necessity of pushing with more than ever the doctrine of your organization.

I suggest the necessity of pushing with more than ever the doctrine of your organization.

"I believe that the theories and practices which tariff reform antagonizes are responsible for many, if not all, of the evils which afflict our people. If there is a scarcity of the circulating medium is not the experiment worth trying as a remedy of leaving the money in the hands of the people, and for their use, which is needlessly taken from them under the pretext of necessary taxation? If the farmer's lot is a hard one in his discouraging struggle for better rewards of his toil are the prices of his products to be improved by a policy which hampers trade in his best markets and invites the competition of dangerous rivals? Whether other means of relief may appear necessary to relieve present hardships I believe the principle of tariff reform promises a most important aid in their satisfaction, and that the continued and earnest advocacy of this principle is essential to the lightening of the burdens of our countrymen.

essential to the lag.

of our countrymen.

"Hoping that your organization may
continue to be one of great usefulness and
encouragement, I am, very respectfully.
"Groven CLEVELAND."

NEBRASKA'S WANTED LEGISLATOR. He Is "Treed," so to Speak, but De clines to Come Down. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

(By telegraph to the Pispatch.)
Chicago, March 23.—A special dispatch from Omalia says: Senator Taylor, the Nebraska legislative member who fled from the Capitol at the instance of the railway lobby to defeat the maximum-rate bill, is located in a Council Bluffs hotel, but he cannot be reached, as the Sergeant-at-Arms fears to break down doors to affect the arrest. The place is surrounded by officers to prevent Taylor's escape.
Congressman McKeigan, the Alliance representative, visited Council Bluffs last night to entice the fugitive into a back and convey him to Nebraska, but was folled by Taylor's friends.

CONDUCT OF GREAT BRITAIN."

To Apply for Admission into the Union as a State-Correspondence Touching

Boston, March 23 .- The Herald's Halifa: special says the people of Newfoundland unite in denouncing the "cowardly and treacherous conduct of the British Govern ment" in coërcing the province respecting the French fishery claims. It says English allegiance will be renounced and that an appeal will be made to the United States or admission as a State of the Union and for protection.
[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

By Angle-American cable to the Dispatch.]

London, Eng., March 23.—The correspondence between the Governments of Newfoundland and Great Britain on the proposed fishery convention between Newfoundland and the United States is published. The dispatches extend from February, 1890, to March, 1891. The first communication is a letter from Sir John O'Brien. Governor of Newfoundland, to Lord Knutsford, the Imperial Colonial Secretary, in which the Governor gives the minutes of the Newfoundland Executive Council in favor of a separate arrangement with the United States of fishery and commercial questions as opposed to coment with the United States of fishery and commercial questions as opposed to cooperation with Canada. Lerd Knutsford on April 12, 1890, assents to Newfoundland's negotiating directly with the Government at Washington. Sir Charles Tupper on October 27, 1890, protests against the departure from the old policy of treating the fishery question as requiring unity of action between Newfoundland and Canada, and Sir John MacDonald cables that the Dominion ought to be included in any arrangement.

Dominion ought to be included in any arrangement.

Lord Knutsford on November 4, 1890, eables that Mr. Bond, the Colonial Secretary of Newfoundland, has no power to negotiate, and that the Government had communicated with Sir Julian Pauncefote in regard to the Dominion's desire to be included in any arrangement. Sir Julian Pauncefote on October 10, 1890, wired that Mr. Blaine had received Mr. Bond unofficially, and had a long interview with him, the result of which was the drafting of a convention by Sir Julian Pauncefote. A copy of this convention sent to Lord Stanley, the Governor-General of Canada, elicited a cablegram from the Governor-General on November 19th, stating that Canada viewed the convention with the utmost alarm and strongly protested against the signing of it.

Messages from Sir John O'Brien urge that there be no delay in signing the convention, contend that Newfoundland ought not to be involved in Canadian disputes.

vention, contend that Newfoundland ought not to be involved in Canadian disputes, and appeal to the Imperial Government not to subject the colony to trading disa-bilities to the advantage of Canada. Lord Knutsford in response holds that the con-vention cannot be made exclusively in Newfoundland's interests. Finally, on January 23, 1891, Lord Knuts-ford cables to Sir John O'Brien that the Imperial Government was connelled to

ford cables to Sir John O'Brien that the Imperial Government was compelled to maintain delay of the ratification of the convention. The same cable refers to the French-shore difficulty, the depressed condition of Newfoundland, and the importance of opening up the colony's resources, and offers to guarantee a railway loan and to send a commission to inquire into the resources of the colony; but adds that before applying to Parliament to sanction a loan the Imperial Government would require assurance that the colony would concerned in adjusting the controversy with France.

operate in adjusting the controversy with France.

On February 10th the Newfoundland Government responded that they could not comprehend Lord Knutsford's withdrawal from a distinct and positive understanding, declaring that the Imperial Government was delaying the ratification of the convention in subservience to Canadian politics to ruin the prospects or the colony, and demanding an explicit answer-yes or no-in order that the fate of the Colony might be known and appropriate action be taken. Lord Knutsford cabled that he adhered to his decision, and that he regretted the language which the Newfoundland Ministers thought fit to use.

Newfoundiand Ministers thought he to use.

Sir John O'Brien, having sent the resolutions of the two houses of the Newfoundland Legislature, Lord Knutsford, in a final dispatch ou March 12th, contended that Mr. Bond's instructions when in Washington in nowise implied that the convention could then be concluded; that Mr. Bond, without reference to Sir Julian Pauncefote, had had several interviews with Mr. Blaine, the result being a remodelling of the convention as prepared by Sir Julian Pauncefote; that Mr. Blaine had communicated this counterdraft to Sir Julian Pauncefote on January 6th, and that this fact, though known to the New-Sir Julian Pauncefote on January eth, and that this fact, though known to the New-foundland Ministers, had not been stated to the Newfoundland Legislature. Lord Knutsford regrets that the Legislature re-corded an inaccurate view of the transac-

ENGLAND AND NEWFOUNDLAND. The Proposals of the Colonial Delegates

Decision That is Startline.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Philadelphia License Court rendered an opinion to-day which caused consternation among the hundreds of would-be saloon-keepers, whose applications for liquor-licenses are on file with the court. It has been the custom of the curt since the adoption of the new law, giving the court judges discretionary power in granting licenses, to examine individually in open court each applicant for license, and upon conclusion of the examination of all applicants in the city to announce the list of those to whom the Court concluded to grant licenses. The number of applicants for retail license last year was 2,921, and those to whom licenses were granted numbered 1,173. This year there are 3,358 applicants.

When the court convened to-day to consider the applications for the year beginning June 1st the presiding judge read an opinion in which it was announced in substance that those to whom licenses were granted last year and against whom no last year and year

HE DIED IN A PULLMAN-CAR.

Mr. Patterson, of Backensack-Pastor Young's Farewell Sermon.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.] [Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]
ALEXANDRIA, March 23.—Mr. James L.
Patterson, of Hackenssek, N. J., died in a
Pullman-car between this city and Manassas, last night while on his way home
from the South, where he had been traveling for the benefit of his health.

Mr. Patterson had been for some time
suffering from that dread disease, consumption, but was not thought to be in any
immediate danger when he was taken immediate danger when he was taken suddenly ill, and although the other passengers in the car did all in their power to help him he died before he could obtain medical attention here. With him were his wife and children.

GOOD-BY AND GOD-SPEED. Rev. W. J. Young, pastor of the Southern Methodist church here, preached his farewell sermon to a large congregation in that church last night. Mr. Young spoke of the good work that had been done in the church during the last few years, and the church during the list lew years, and called on his congregation not to let their efforts die away when he was gone. After the service many of his congregation, crowded around him, and with tears in their eyes bade him good-by and God-speed. The choir sang for the closing

"God be with you 'Till we meet again."

Mr. Young leaves here on Thursday next for Randolph-Macon College at Ashland where he has been appointed professor of theology. He takes the best wishes of the people of Alexandria, irrespective of creed, for his success in his new field of

DAMAGED ROADS. A severe rain-storm has been raging here ince Thursday last, and much damage has been done to the roads in this section.

The spring term of the Circuit Court—
Judge Ketth—having finished business
has adjourned for the term.

FIRE AT THE MIDLAND JUNCTION. Building and Furniture Destroyed-The Money Saved in a Tin Box,

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

Charlottesville, Va., March 23.—A disastrons fire occurred this afternoon at 5 o'clock which nearly destroyed the Carter House, a large frame structure at the Virginia Midland junction, owned by Mr. Samuel R. Anderson, of Staunton River, and kept as a boarding-house by Mrs. Caroline Carter. The fire started in a room occupied by Mrs. K. Lambert who was absent, and the fire had gained such headway that by the time the fire company reached the scene there was but little hope of saving the building. The loss is several hundred dollars on the house and several hundred on furniture, both of which was partly covered by insurance. Mrs. Lambert had several hundred dollars in silver and paper mone; in a wardrobe in her room, which was found secure after the fire, although the wardrobe was completely destroyed. The money was in a tin box. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

Alliance intended to give State-Lecturer Snavely "a grand-rally" reception. This generally is understood to mean "all-day meeting and dinner on the ground," and the Alliance had resolved to have these very things, but subsequently having found cut that the appointed time is Good Friday the resolution was unanimously re-setuded. THE COWARDLY AND TREACHEROUS

JUDGE PAUL'S CLIQUE.

The Movement for Judge Lewis Ex-Solic tor, General Phillips a Formidable Rival-Gorman's Southern Tour.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, March 21.—On Friday there was given in this correspondence a conversation with a leading Virginia Republican regarding the visit of the visitors to the capital in the interest of Judge Paul, for promotion on the Federal bench. The Disparent correspondent has had another talk with a leading Republican who had the following views to express:

"If the President is the kind of man I take him to be I do not believe that he will seriously consider the suggestions that were made to him yesterday by the delegation who waited upon him in the interest of Judge Paul. I have nothing in the world against Judge Paul personally or politically, but when you sit down and consider the personnel of that delegation it will strike you as being decidedly out of place for Federal office-holders who are active machine politicians to be going to the President and asking him to make a selection for so important a position as the new circuit judgeship.

MAHONE STRIKERS. MAHONE STRIKERS.

"Why, there was in that delegation William E. Craig, the district attorney, and John Watts, the marshal of the same district. If Paul could be appointed Craig would expect to step into his shoes as the district judge. Brown Allen and others who composed the delegation are office-holders or political strikers for Mahone, and I am of the opinion that these men have ruined whatever chance Paul may have had. Why, it is simply scandalous for a lot of politicians to be asking for the appointment of a circuit judge, and it is my understanding that the President did not like it after he had time to consider the audacity of the proceeding.

the audacity of the proceeding.

**SON-POLITICAL.*

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**SON-POLITICAL.*

**In believe that the President will ultimately come to the conclusion that if he is to select a judge from among the Virginia aspirants Judge Lewis, of the State Court of Appeals, will be the man. The movement in behalf of that gentleman is professional, and not political. The Richmond bar almost unanimously endorsed him, and it was a non-partisan movement among lawyers in behalf of a man whom they consider eminently qualified for the high and honorable position for which his name has been suggested. The lawyers of Virginia and the State judiciary, in my opinion, generally favor The lawyers of Virginia and the State judiciary, in my opinion, generally favor the appointment of Judge Lewis. The Democrats favorshim because they realize that a Republican will have to be appointed, and they look upon him as one of the best men in the Republican party of Virginia.

"Iscan well understand why the Mahone people oppose him. They remember that the whole Lewis influence has been against Mahone, and they hope to prevent the appointment of Judge Lewis by impeaching his Republicanism. Judge Lewis is and always has been a Republican, and he is a respectable one who has even the confidence of his political opponents in the State. During the war he was a Union man, and that fact has been called to the attention of the President. Of course I do not mean to reflect on Judge Paul because he was in the Confederate army. That will not hurt him in Virginia, because the State not only seceded but carried the heaviest load in the struggle which the South made to cut loose from the Union. I am only saying that it would be more natural for the President, if he should go to Virginia for the new judge, to confer the honor on a Union man during the war."

Another Republican, who had something to say regarding the call of the Federal office-holders upon the President, re-

office-holders upon the Freeident, remarked:

"The Brady wing of the Republican party in Virginia is favorable to Judge Lewis, but Colonel Brady, who is collector of internal revenue, would certainly be committing aserious blunder if he were here with all his deputies asking for the appointment of Judge Lewis." A FORMIDABLE BIVAL.

Ex-Congressman John S, Wise, who has been here for a couple of days looking on, has not taken any hand, but, of course, he has had something to say. He seems to think, according to the statement of one of his friends, that ex-Sohicitor-General Phillips would make a dangerous rival for all of the aspirants should any one present his name to the President. Judge Paillips lives at present in Washington, but he is credited to North Carolina, the State from which he was appointed Solicitor-General which he was appointed Solicitor-Genera some years ago.

THE M'LAUGHLIN CASE. THE M'ACCHAIN CAME.

The President will probably not make any more post-office appointments until next week. Meanwhile the friends of McLanghlin are doing what they can to have him commissioned for the Lynchburg

office.

Hon. Henry O'Bannon, formerly a member of the Virginia House of Delegates from Rappahannock county, has been in the city for several days attending the bench-show. He has a kennel of fine dogs at Sperryville and brought some of his canines here for exhibition.

SENATOR GORMAN'S TOUR.

The political gossips are saying that Senator Gorman has gone South to pose as a presidential candidate. The Senator goes on a pleasure and health-recruiting tour, but of course, in view of his eminent services in defeating the infamous force bill, it will be quite natural for the Democrats of the sections that he visits to feel like manifesting their grateful appreciation of his successful efforts, and they probably will insist on tendering him ovations if he feels like accepting the courtesies.

POSTMASTRIS. SENATOR GORMAN'S TOUR.

POSTMASTERS. Fourth-class postmasters were appointed

Fourth-class postmasters were appointed to-day as follows:
Virginia—E. M. Darden, Beamons, Nausemond county, vice S, M. Applewhite, resigned; Fannie Austin, Bunker Hill, Bedford county, vice A. C. Weils, resigned; J. P. Swank, Edom, Rockingham county, vice W. E. Swank, resigned.
North Carolina—J. T. Riverbank, Wallace, Dublin county, vice D. E. Boney, respected.

Our Reciprocity Treatment with Hawaii [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] San Francisco, March 23.—The Exc

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—The Exami-ner's Honolulu special says the new reci-procity treaty, including all products, natural and manufactured, between the United States and the Hawaiian islands now before the Queen is objectionable to the islanders, because no bounty on their sugars is provided for and the English in-fluence trying to defeat it. The Slaver of Lawyer Poston Arraigned

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 23,—Colonel H.
Clay King, the slaver of Lawyer David Poston, was arraigned in the Criminal Court this morning. The indictment was read and Colonel King responded "Not guilty." Judge Dubose set the case for April 16th, and the noted prisoner was returned to juil.

Schwab Brothers, of New York, Succumb (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

New York, March 23.—Schwab Brothers, manufacturers of cloaks and jerseys, 57 to 43 Green street, confessed judgments to-day aggregating \$57,031. The attorneys for the judgment creditors place the liabilities at \$250,000, with assets sufficient to cover if time is allowed.

Choked His Wife to Death, Choked His Wife to Death,

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

SAYANNAN, GA., March 23.—James Lomax choked his wife to death at Bainbridge to-day and then fled. A posse pursued and captured him at Camilla, He may be lynched to-night. The discovery of the crime was made by the little daughter of the murdered woman on returning home from school.

John H. Inman Banqueted. By telegraph to the Dispatch.

Augusta, Ga., March 23.—John H. Inman, of the Terminal Company, who is stopping at the Herel Bon Air with his family, was given a canquet by prominent citizens to-night. Senator Edmunds, who is wintering here, and Editor Hemphill, of the Charleston Ness and Courier, were the Charleston News and Courier, were among the guests,

Startling Fall of Church People.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Salt Lare City, Utan, March 24.—
Almost a panic happened last evening in
St. Paul's Episcopal church. The audience was just seated when the floor gave
way, resulting in the injury of a number
of persons, none, however, seriously. The Nebraska Dead-Lock Broken.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Lincoln, Nea., March 23.—The dead-lock in the State Senate, after lasting over seventy-four hours, was broken at 5 o'clock this afternoon by the Independents, who succeeded in winning over one of the Republican opponents to the maximum-freight-rate bill. The call of the House was dispensed with and the bill passed. It now goes to the Governor. Senator Taylor, the runsway, is still missing.

IN MORTAL COMBAT. MARKET QUOTATIONS the design and leaf continue to the design and the old stock in both strong and the old stock in both strong and the old stock in the strong and again of indifferent quality in a strong and again of indifferent quality in a strong and again of indifferent quality in a strong and again of indifferent quality.

SOUTHERN EDITORS FIGHT UPON THE STREET.

Heated Discussions of the New Orleans Lynching.

EDITORS IN MORTAL COMBAT.

Orleans Lynching.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] New Orleans, La., March 23.—The Pica-yune's Vicksburg (Miss.) special says: Ernest Hardenstein, editor of Businesse, a weekly paper, and John G. Cashman, edi-tor of the Ecening Post, met in mortal com-bat on the streets here this afternoon, with the result of Hardenstein being killed. CAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTY.

It is claimed by Mr. Cashman's friends that Mr. Hardenstein, upon reading the strictures of the Past in regard to a card signed "Business," had threatened to attack Cashman on sight. Cashman started home taking his usual route, when he was attacked with the result above stated. The discussion which brought about the difficulty cussion which brenght about the difficulty was in regard to the action of the citizens of New Orleans in killing the Hennessev assassins. Mr. Cashman surrendered and was locked up. He refused to be interviewed further than stating that he had been advised by a warm friend that Hardenstein would attack him, and was prepared for the worst when the attack came. No pistol was found on Hardenstein's body, and he is believed to have been unarmed at the time of the encounter.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

Farmyille, Va., March 23.—The Mayor's-Court room was packed this morning with men and boys charged with violating the gaming-laws of the [State and others who were eager and interested lookers-on. The names of the parties on trial were published in yesterday's Disparcs. The evidence before his Honor was to the effect that the parties were found in the private house of Pattie Watkins throwing dice and playing eards, but it was not sufficient to convict any one arrested, and they were all discharged.

A California Pioneer's Death.

A California Pioneer's Death.
(Washington Star, 19th.)
Dr. W. S. Manlove, a pioneer, died at his fruit ranch near Sacramento, Cal., Tuesday. He was a Virginian and gained prominence by planting the first big vineyard in Northern California. He was one of the horticultural authorities of the State, having experimented with all imported varieties of vines and fruits. He had a hundred acres in small fruits. This month he was elected president of his county branch of the Farmers' Alliance. Sixteen years ago he headed the Granger movement in California.

GILL.—Died, at his residence, No. 407 north Second street, at 12:19 this morning, JAMES A. GILL, in his fifty-seventh year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HARRINGTON.—Died, at Wheatland. Hanover county, Va., March 22d at 3 clock, HANNAH HARRINGTON, wife of Dennis Harrington, in the seventy-sixth ear of her age. Her funeral will take place from St Peter's Cathedral TO-DAY (Tuesday) at S

HATCHER.—Died, in Houston, Texas March 23, 1891, JOHN CUNLIFFE HATCHER, son of the late John H. Hatch r, of Manchester, Va. MAYER.-Died, at the residence of her

MAYER.—Died, at the residence of her parents, No. 325 north Twenty-seventh street, at half-past 5 A. M., March 23, 1891, LULIE, beloved daughter of Philip and Molhe Ruff Mayer.

"Hessed are the pure in heart."

Her funeral will take place from the First Presbyterian church, corner Madigon and Grace streets, WEDNESDAY at 4 o'clock P. M. Friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend. *

PROPERSON. Died, at the residence of

ROBINSON .- Died, at the residence of his brother, No. 1216 north First street, March 22d, at 1 o'clock A. M., ROBERT ROBINSON, in the seventh year of his age. Funeral will take place from the First Baptist church (colored) TUESDAY EVE-NING, March 24th instant, at 3 o'clock P.

New York, Chicago, and Philadelphia papers please copy. SQUIERS,—Died, suddenly, at her residence, No. 1307 west Main street, Monday afternoon, March 23, 1891, Mrs. EVA SQUIERS; aged forty-two years and nine

months.

Her funeral will take place from the residence THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. WOODS.—Died, at his residence, No. 1115 west Leigh street, at 3:15 A. M. March 22, 1891, MICHAEL WOODS, in the fortymusth year of his age.

His funeral will take place THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, March 24, 1891, at 9:30 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church with Requiem Mass. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

wRIGHT.—Died, Monday morning, 23d instant, ANNIE, the beloved wife of John Wright, Esq., of Oak Hill, Henrico county. Funeral service at the residence THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock. The remains will be taken to New York by the 7:15 P. M. train for interment in Greenwood cemetery.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. MINIATURE ALMANAC, MARCH 24, 1891.
 Sun rises
 6:08
 High Tips

 Son sets
 6:24
 Morning
 4:12

 Moon sets
 6:05
 Evening
 4:33
 PORT OF RICHMOND, MARCH 23, 1891.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Old Dominion, Couch, New York, merchandise and passengers, George W. Allen & Co., agents. SAILED. Steamer Ariel, Deyo, Norfolk, merchandls and passengers; L. B. Tatum, vice-president. PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, MARCH 23, 1891.

ABRIVED.

Steamship Hallamshire, Bull river, to coal.
Steamship Old Dominion, New York, and sailed for Richmond, merchandise. (By telegraph.) SAILED.

Steamship Hallamshire, Ipswich, coaled. MEMORANDA. NEW YORK, March 23.—Arrived: Aurania and Canada, Liverpool; Russia, Hamburg: Thing-valla and Stettin, Copenhagen; Circassia, Glas-gow; Saale, Bromen. Arrived out: Ems, New York for Bremen; France, New York for Lon-don; State of Pennsylvania, New York for Glas-gow; Rhynland, New York for Antwerp.

FINANCIAL.

OLD DOMINION BUILDING AND LIOAN ASSOCIATION STOCK FOR SALE.
TWENTY SHARES OF OLD-DOMINION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION STOCK for sale.
Date of certificate May 5, 1890; paid up to July
is, 1891. Address STOCK, care of DESATOR
iffee, for perticulars. mh 18-1w

John L. Williams & Son BANKERS.

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

INVESTMENT BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD. LOANS NEGOTIATED FOR MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD

CORPORATIONS. BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND LETTERS OF CREDIT Issued on all the principal Cities of EUROPE, and on ASIA, AFRICA and SOUTH AMERICA.

and marginal accounts are not desired. Our MANUAL OF INVESTMENTS, the largest work of the find politished by may Banking House in America (ass pp. 892), may be obtained by cheers upon application without charge. "The most elaborate and hawfroment and most useful work swaling upon Southers properties which ever came to notice," finostron HERALD. "It has no equal in this country, "LICHMOND DISPATCH.

THE BRADSTREET COMPANY. CHARLES F. CLARKE, PRESIDENT. BRADSTREET'S RICHMOND OFFICE, NO. 1109 EAST MAIN STREET. Telephone No. 432. J. H. WHITTY, Superintendent.

The Richmond office has more than kept pace with the rapid growth of the city and development of the territory tributary to it. It offers to the moreantile community of this section all the dvantages of a system the superiority of when is recognized in every trade centre of the civil and world. That it is in a special sense prepared country the interest in the civil control of the civil and world. NOTICE -THE WESTERN UNION

REPORTS FROM ALL GREAT BUSINES CENTRES OF THE WORLD

Prices for Money, Bonds, Stocks, Grain Tobacco, Catton, &c., and in Connection Therewith the Wes-

> (By telegraph to the Dispo WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.

Forecast for Virginia and North Carolina: Generally fair weather; FAIR cooler Tuesday night; winds becoming northwesterly.

THE WEATHER IN RICHMOND YESTERDAY was cloudy in the morning, followed by clear weather in the afternoon and night. Range of the thermometer at the front-door of the Dispatch office yesterday:

NEW YORK, March 23 .- The stock marke o-day developed no new feature, but remained the same rut of dulness and stagnation into Northern Pacific preferred, little animation was ome life, and there was a spasmodic attempt to Vestern preferred, the stock scoring a gain of 1 per cent. at one time.
THE OPENING VERY DULL.

The opening of trading was marked by great dulness, but first prices, somewhat under the stimulus of the rather favorable bank statement of Saturday, were all fractions better than Saturday's finale, and further small gains were scored in the active stocks, while there was no special feature of interest in the whole list beyond the strength developed again in the Susquehanna and Western stock and the activity in Constock Tunnel at slowly declining prices. Later in the day, however, there was what looken like an attempt to cover some shorts in the Grangers and other leading active shares, and there is no proportion.

CLOSING GAINS.

This movement was the only one of importance during the entire session, but with the steady though slow appreciation of values which prevailed throughout the day there were some marked gains scored at the close. The declaration of the unusual dividend of 1 per cent for the quarter on Rock Island gave the principal stimulus to the late upward movement, but it reached all portions of the list. The market finally closed dull but firm at about the highest prices reached. The final changes among the active shares are invariably in the direction of higher prices. Sales of listed stocks, 120,000 shares; of unlisted, 30,000 shares.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE. MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Evening.—Exchange quiet and firm at 487a
4894. Commercial bills, 854a884. Money easy
at 25a3. Sub-Treasury balances—Coin, \$149..
315,000; currency, \$7,554.000. Governments
dull but steady; 4 per cente, 122/4; 4/4's, 102.
State bonds dull and featureless. STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Alabama—Class A, 2 to 5...
B, 5's.....
North Carolina consol 6's... Brunswick
Mobile and Ohio 4's
Silver certificates (Western National Bank
New York certificates) issued on deposit
of bullion.
Chesapeake and Ohio.
Chesapeake and Ohio, 1st preferred. ke and Ohio, 2d preferred

BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET. Baltimore, March 23.—Virginia 38, 65; Balti-nore and Ohio stock, 84; Northern Central stock, 64%; consolidated gas bonds, 11234; do stock, 47%.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE. MONDAY, March 23, 1891. SALES.-1,000 Virginia 3 per cent. at 64%. Closing quotations at the Stock Board: GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. nited States 416's STATE SECURITIES. North Carolina 4's..... North Carolina 6's..... Virginia 6's, consols.... Virginia 3-4-5 10-40's... Virginia 3's, new 1264 36 6434

CITY SECURITIES. CITY SECULITIES.

Richmond city 8's. 132

Richmond city 5's. 113

Richmond city 5's, 1890-'96. 191

Richmond city 5's, 1921 and later. 106

Richmond city 4's, 1891 98

RAILEOAD BONDS.

Atlanta and Charlotte 1st 7's. 119

A & C. Carapataesi interest 6's. 103 101 RAILBOAD STOCKS. Atlanta and Charlotte......100 93

112 BANK STOCKS. State Bank of Virginia......25 MISCELLANEOUS. American Tobacco Company..... GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. MARCH 23, 1891.

OFFERINGS.

WHEAT.-1,100 bushels. CORN.-2,100 bushels. OATS.-4,000 bushels. KYE.-16 bushels. BALES. WHEAT.—600 bushels. COBN.—2,100 bushels.

QUOTATIONS.

WHEAT.—Longberry, \$1.08a\$1.12. Mixed, \$1.07a\$1.11. Shortbery, \$1.05a\$1.10.

CORN.—White, 76a77c. Mixed, 72a74c.

OATS.—No. 2, 58a59c. Rejected, 48a55c. Winter (for seed), 62a68c.

RYE.—95c.a\$1. FLOUR.
We quote: Fine, \$33\$3.25; superfine, \$3.50a \$3.75; extra, \$43\$4.50; family, \$4.75a\$5; patent family, country, \$5.25a\$6.

QUOTATIONS

COTTON. Market steady. Quotations. MIDDLING, 81/c. LOW MIDDLING, 8c. GOOD ORDINARY, 71/cs.

[Reported for the Dispatch.] March 23, 1891.

Auction offerings on 'Change to-day, 30 packages and 8 taken in; highest, \$23; lowest, \$0.50—average, \$11.40.

Revenue collections: Cigars and cigarettes, \$3,348; tobacco, \$3,348.89—total, \$6,694.89.

Private sales to-day: Fillers, 6; smokers, 2; cutters, 1; wrappers, 12, scrap, 14—total, 35

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

Market to-day is without special feature, with moderate trading only, but a quiet undertone of

strength.

A Louisville report says: Offerings continue large and are mostly made up of low grades, selling cheap enough, but lacking characteristics in color and condition, which would be needed to encourage a large export trade. Tobacco of good quality or of light color remain scarce and in good demand for the home trade or for exports. Other kinds are irregularly weak in proportion to their degree of "nondescriptness" and coft condition.

Dark tobaccos, with the exception of old lugs, form a very small part of our offerings yet, and will probably sell well.

CLARKSVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

RICHMOND LIVE STOCK MARKET.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

New YORK, March 23.—Cotton quiet; sale to-day, 225 bales; uplands, 9c.; Orleans, 7-16c; net receipts at all ports, 15,701 bales exports—to Great Britain, 16,933 bales; te France, 617 bales; to the Continent, 10,435 bales; stock, 630,024 bales. Southern Bormer and in good demand; common to fair extra, 82,60,84,10; good to choice do., \$4,156,365. Wheat—Market 14,611,9c. higher, dull and firm; No. 3, red, \$1,154,851,169; in cleaver; \$1,184,45,610; uponion opened unchange to \$6c, down on expected increase in visible upply, advanced 14,612,9c. on better cables, free buying by European houses, of all months, and bad crop news from France, with a general full demand on investment and overlag, cleans. 78a81c.; steamer mixed, 78a794a.; options advanced 2a23c., with a bullish southment all over the country and farmers delivering supplies in a light way with active buying interest by shorts and long; March, 7bc.; May, 743cc.; July, 723cc. Oats fairly active, May, 743cc.; July, 723cc. Oats fairly active, March and May, 603cc.; No. 2, white, April, 61c.; spot, No. 3, 60c.; No. 2, 604ca674c.; mixed western, 58a62c. Hops steady and quiet; State, common to choice, 21a 30c.; Pacific coast. 22a30c. Coffee-Options opened steady, closed barely steady at 5a20 down and dull; April, 817.50a417.55; May, 817.40a\$17.50; spot kie dull and firm; fair radming, 5 11-16c; centrifugale, 96t-test, 5 11-16c; refined dull; only grades quoted here are mould A, 6c; standard A, 6c; confectioners A, 54c; cut-load and crushed, 69cc. Molassee-Foreign steady; 60-test, 123cc. in hogsheads; 113cc. in tanks; New Orleans, 29a30c. Rice quiet and steady; domestic, fair hogsheads; 113cc. in tanks; New Orleans, 29a30c. Rice quiet and steady; domestic, fair until the common to fance, 29a30c. Rice quiet and steady; domestic, fair until the common to fance, 29a30c. Rice quiet and steady; domestic, fair to extra, 5a64c; Japan, da54c. Petrolam quiet; refined, all ports, 0.90a7.20c; do. In bulk, 4.55c. Cotton-seed oil strong; crude, of grade, 24a7c, yellow, off grade, 31a33a. Resin irm and in fair demand; stramed, common to fared, 24a7c, yellow, off grade, 31a33a. Resin irm and in fair demand; stramed, common to food demand and firm; quoted at \$17.50. Flered beef firm and quiet; city extra India mess, \$1as2614; extra prime, \$11as21,50c. Petroleans, 74a8c. Middles dull and firm; short-clear, \$6.35. Lard active, much higher, and strong; western steam, \$7; city, \$6.50a\$6.60; May, 7.05; July, \$7.30; August, \$7.45; refined higher; Continens, \$3.75a87.40; South America, \$7.75. Frights to Liverpool dull and unsettled; cotton, 7-04d; grain, 1d.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull and firm No. 2 spring wheat, \$1.03\(\) \$4.01.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$4.01.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$4.01.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.01.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.04\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$1.03\(\) \$6.03\(\) \$6.20\(\) \$6.30\ of the trading. Some of the most successful local speculators were among the heaviest seller on the advance. It was not until the visible supply statement was published showing 159,129 bushels increase during the past week that an general disposition to fight the advance was in dulged in. The prices of May worked backwar to \$1.03%, but only rested there very briefly when ic. was quickly elapped upon the quotation last set down. The highest point reached was \$1.04%, and it was wanted at within \$40.0 fi the of the day. The shorts in correct in even a worse predicament to-day than on any of the former days of their recent grievou troubles. The weather was damp and the receipts were 60 cars less than were estimated of Saturday. The longs were masters of the situa

ceipts were 60 cars less than were estimated on Saturday. The longs were masters of the situation. The wildness of the opening may be gathered from the different prices paid at the first rush. There were sales of May made simultaneously at 67c. and at many intermediate prices all the way up to 68½c. That was the high point until considerably later in the session, when it made another upward rush to 60c, the top price of the day. Strength and excited bidding upon every upture was the prominent feature of the day's business. Oats partook of the strength that characterized everything else on the floor, closing ½ and 1c. higher. New York bought, the shorts bought, and the local scaping crowd helped the advance. The provision pit was a counterpart of all the others. It was difficult to execute orders so quickly, however, the offerings drying up when the buyers were most clamous. The receipts of hogs were 6,000 head helow the estimates and prices were higher. The shorts were run to cover and had to pay heavily for the privilege of getting out of a bad deal. The leading futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT—No. 2. Opening. Highest. Closing.

 AHEAT—No. 2.
 Opening.
 Highest.

 March.
 \$1.00
 \$1.023

 May.
 1.02
 1.0434

 July.
 9934
 1.03
 66 67 65 6814 6914 6734 5414 54 5114 LARD. 6.50
March. 6.50
May. 6.65
July. 6.0814 6.75 6.9234 7.1732 7.1232 5.70 5.90 6.20 6.05 6.2236 6.5236

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, March 23.—Cotton nominal; middling, 9½c. Flour active and firm, unchanged. Wheat—Southern strong and scarce; Fultz, \$1.05a\$1.12; longberry, \$1.08a\$1.12; No. 2, \$1.05a\$1.12; No. 2, \$1.08a\$1.12; No. 2, \$1.07a\$1.074; May, \$1.09a\$1.074]. On the scarce of the scar BALTIMORE.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 23.—Flour higher; family, \$3.35a\$3.50; fancy, \$4.25a\$4.30; parents, \$4.85a\$4.30; parents, \$4.85a\$4 ST. LOUIS.

CINCINNATL CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—Flour firmer; famit \$3.95a\$4.10; fancy, \$4.50a\$4.75. Wheat good demand and higher; No. 2 red, \$1.03. Sor searce and higher; No. 2 mix 55c. Pork dull but higher at \$12. Lard non naily higher at \$0.25a\$6.374. Bult-mestronger; short-ribs. \$6. Bacon firm; sho clear, \$6.75a\$6.8946. Whiskey in good o mand at \$1.16.

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES

RPOOL MARKETS.

KOPFALIN Cures all forms of headach Fick Headache, Periodic Headache, or headache anxiety, indulgence in lique ing drugs—all types of it are the sure cure for Headache.

KOPFALINE PRICE 25 CENTS--T

KOPFALINE As a Nerve Toric and remedy for de-melancholy, morbid nestons and impulsed happy mental conditions resulting from a habits and devotion to ensisting from Koppalink is unexcelled by any proper

PRICE 25 CENTS--T BOSES. WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO.,

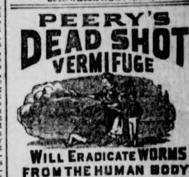
fo 1-Su, WAPant GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalida as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere. W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass. ne 21-WasatJelatse 1(78tta)



PALAIS®

PRICE 25 the PER VIAL

NEW DRESS GOODS—among them 44-luch
Shepherd's Plaids at 30c.
NEW DRESS GINGHAMS AND SATINES—beautiful combinations and handsome effects.
TABLE-LINEN, TOWELS, NAPKINS, &c.
BLAZERS from \$1\$ to \$10.
New and GUARANTEED line of RID GLOVES.
New and exquisite line of RUCHINGS AND
CHILDREN'S CAPS.
CORRETS of various makes.
We are noted for the MANY AND VARIED NOTIONS we carry, and for the reasonableness
of our prices for them; and, in fact, for all
we sell.
Our gentlemen friends can also fill their wants

we sell.

Our gentlemen friends can also fill their wants
here to their entire satisfaction. We carry a
full line of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS,
and the same reasonable figures that characterize the house apply also to this departterize the house apply also to this department.

HENRY WENZEL'S STAMPING-PATTERNS
are here, and we do STAMPING in the same
finished style as did he.

137 We have anchored our bark right here,
having taken out a lease on the building for a
term of years, and with the kind patronage of
our friends and the public at large we hope to be
successful. Our motto: Honest representation;
no fictitious values, but the night resorts put on
EVERY ARTICLE, willing always to meet beginning
competition, but never seiling RELOW COST.

SAMPLES cheerfully furnished.

BURNETT LEWIS.



GIVE YOUR POOR FEET A CHANCE! WEAR SHOES FOR 1 POPULAR PRICE YERY. PAIR WAS

No. 1519 cast Main street CARRIAGES, WAGONS, &c. ESTABLISHED 1814

H. BOSHER'S SONS MANUPACTURERS OF 10000

CO.